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ABSTRACT

This is the second publication in the series that provides information about education in the new South Africa. Educational data were collected by the new nonracial education departments in each of the nine provinces. Because of the difficulties of gathering information on the new systems, no evaluation of the educational progress made by disadvantaged groups is possible. A new Education Management Information System being developed will improve the gathering of information for subsequent volumes. A series of figures presents information about South Africa's 8,138,591 primary and 3,910,346 secondary students and their schools and teachers. The following figures are included: (1) "Learner Enrollment According to Province and School Phase, 1996"; (2) "Learner Enrollment According to School Phase and Gender, 1996"; (3) a 10-part figure of learner enrollment by region and for the whole country; (4) "Number of Educators and Learner Enrollment per Province, 1996"; (5) "Number of Schools and Learner Enrollment per Province, 1996"; (6) "Matric Results According to Province, 1994-1996"; (7) "Results for History, Mathematics and Physical Science in the Matriculation Examination, 1996"; (8) "Results for English and Biology in the Matriculation Examination, 1996"; (9) "Comparison between the Population and Learner Enrollment per Province, 1996"; (10) a 10-part figure with enrollment forecasts for each province and the whole country from 1997 to 2005; (11) "Students at Universities According to Population Group, 1996"; (12) "Number of Staff Members at Universities According to Population Group, 1996"; (13) "Students at Technikons According to Population Group, 1996"; and (14) "Number of Staff Members at Technikons According to Population Group, 1996." An appendix lists addresses of universities and university and teacher training college contact persons. (SLD)

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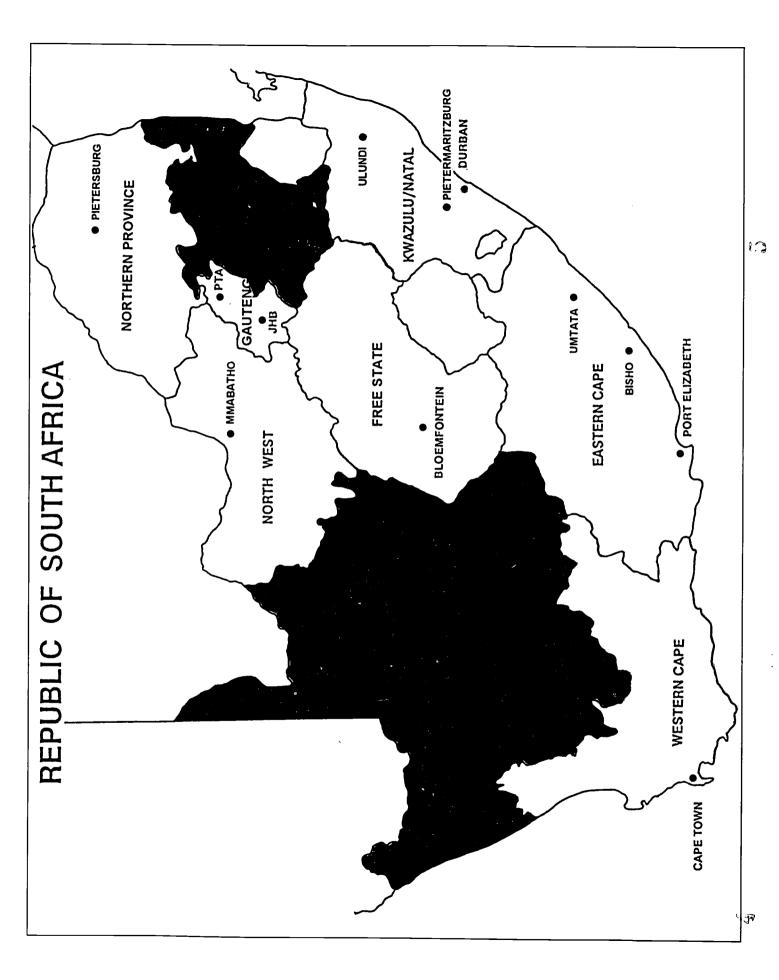
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EDUCATION AND MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT

1996, No 17

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PREFACE

This is the second publication in the series which provides a picture of education in the new South Africa. Educational data were collected by the now non-racial education departments in each of the nine provinces. (Before 1996 a total of sixteen publications provided an overview of education in the "old" South Africa.)

educational progress made by disadvantaged groups was possible. Another problem as far as teacher supply, utilisation and development are could result in uninformed policy development for teacher training, teacher retrenchment, severance packages and INSET, to mention only a few areas. It is clear that the uncertainties created by the delay in appointing departmental officials had a negative effect on the data-management sections of departments - a situation that was further complicated by competent EMIS employees being drawn to the private sector with better As mentioned in the preface to the previous publication, the availability of data on a racial basis remains a problem and no evaluation of concerned is the fact that very few provinces have data available to compile a teacher or student/teacher profile for the provinces - a situation that remuneration packages.

for services of experts from former education departments on the one hand, and the need for more representative staff on the other. Only by The change in the education system and especially the implementation of the transformation process still have to succeed in balancing the need utilising both available expertise and potential will capacity building and effective transformation take place.

inherited from the previous government, is still prevalent and the new departments still do not provide feedback to regions and schools. Schools therefore still consider annual surveys as an unnecessary burden as they are uninformed in the field of educational data and feel that they do not The one-way traffic of educational data from the school via the regions to education departments and finally to the National Department, get any benefit from their input.

new Education Management Information System (EMIS)¹ for the country. Not only were universally accepted international criteria applied, but especially South African expectations of such a system, played a major role in the development. Hopefully the new EMIS will produce educational data and indicators effectively to evaluate different areas of education in 1997. Progress was also made in the process of allocating In spite of the problems mentioned, the National Department of Education did succeed in initiating and maintaining the development of a totally unique school numbers to each school, which will eventually make data elicitation much more scientific and useful.

Unfortunately the 1996 data summarised in this publication were still collected on an ad-hoc basis and in some cases are unofficial, as no official data are available for the reasons mentioned. From historical records, projections, SRN-survey² and various other methods we have tried to give the reader an overview of the 1996 situation in the country.

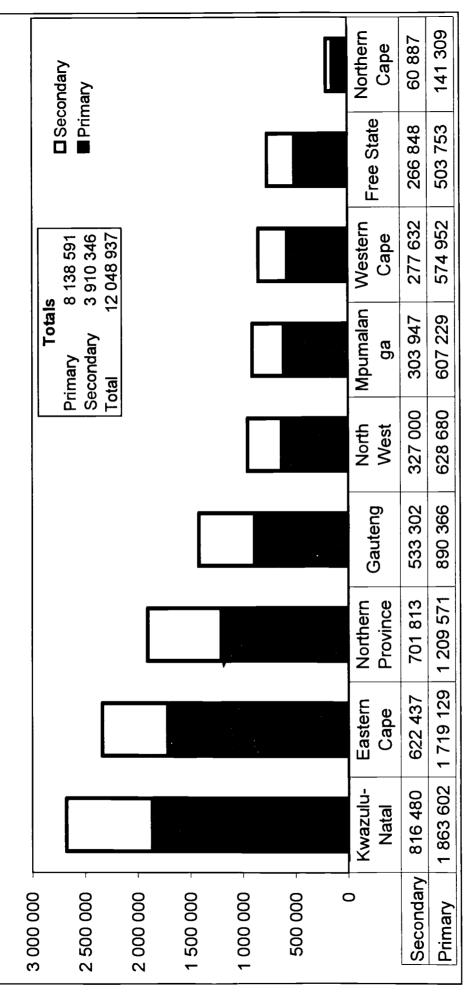
We are confident that as new systems fall into place, more information will become available and even school data will eventually become public domain, so that it will be possible not only to accurately evaluate educational progress but also that the public will appreciate it and contribute to educational development. As in the past, the aim of the brochure is to present the reader with a concise picture of formal schooling, as well as higher education, as far as numbers are concerned. While grades 10, 11 and 12 in fact form part of the further-education sector, they are at present handled as part of the formal school system until the further-education sector is more organised by legislation.

The development of an EMIS for South Africa is a project of the National Department of Education, sponsored by the Swedish International Development

Agency (SIDA). 2 Schools Register of Need Survey - a project of the National Department of Education, sponsored by SIDA and executed by the Human Sciences Research Council (HSRC), The Education Foundation and the Research Institute for Education Planning (REP).

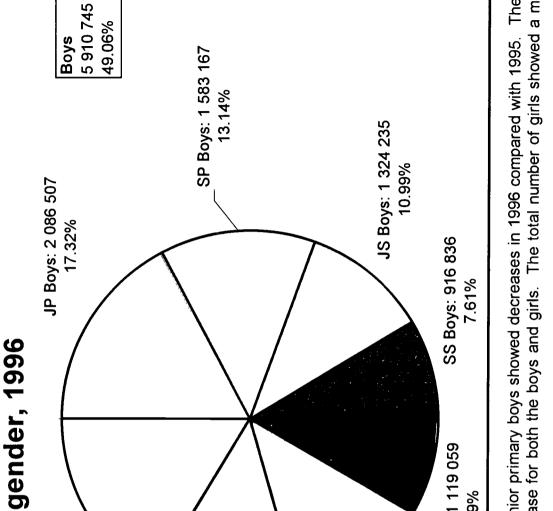
Fig. 1: Learner enrolment according to province and school phase, 1996

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There were 284 018 more learners in 1996 at school than in 1995. This number represented an increase of 2,4%. In some provinces there was a decrease, while in others an increase.

(i)



SP Girls: 1 590 953 13.20%

Fig. 2: Learner enrolment according to school phase and

JP Girls: 1 968 259 16.34%

however, increases in the senior secondary school phase for both the boys and girls. The total number of girls showed a majority of The percentages of both the junior primary girls and junior primary boys showed decreases in 1996 compared with 1995. There were, more than 220 000 over the boys.

SS Girls: 1 119 059 9.29%

JS Girls: 1 459 921 12.12%

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Fig. 3a: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in Eastern Cape, 1996

The large drop in the

number of learners from

Grade 1 to Grade 2 is a

concern.

matter of

Moreover, the ratio of one

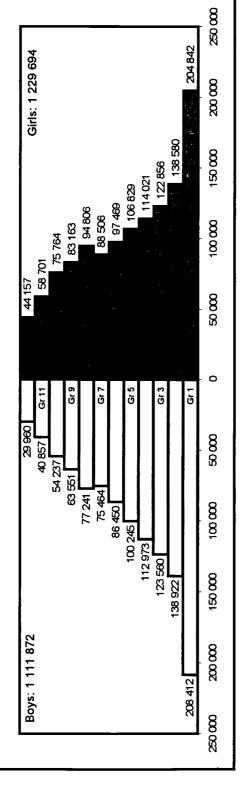
Grade 12 learner for

every 5,58 learners in

Grade 1, shows that there

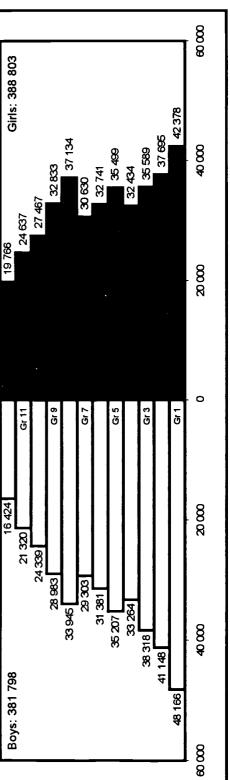
is a large drop-out rate at

schools.



There is a larger decrease in the number of boys from Grade 1 to Grade 12 than in the number of girls. The ratio of Grade1:Grade 12 is 2,5:1.





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Fig. 3c: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in Gauteng, 1996

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There are more learners

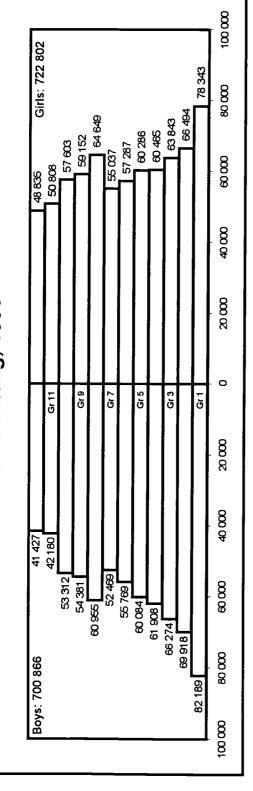
in grades 8 to 10 than

there are in Grade 7,

which means that the

through the primary phase

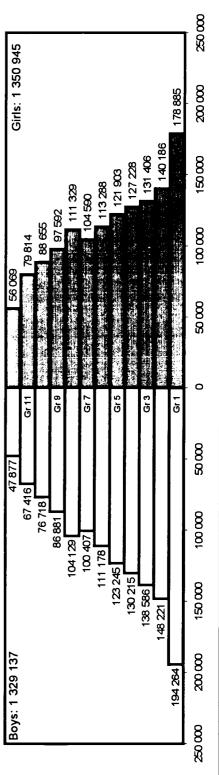
learners progress quickly



and become stuck in the junior secondary phase.

Grade 1:Grade 12 is 1,78:1.

Fig. 3d: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in Kwazulu-Natal, 1996



There is a continuous decrease in the number of learners through all the grades, except in Grade 8. The ratio of Grade 1:Grade 12 is 3,6:1.

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Fig. 3e: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in Mpumalanga, 1996

the secondary school

Except for the first year in

decrease in the number of

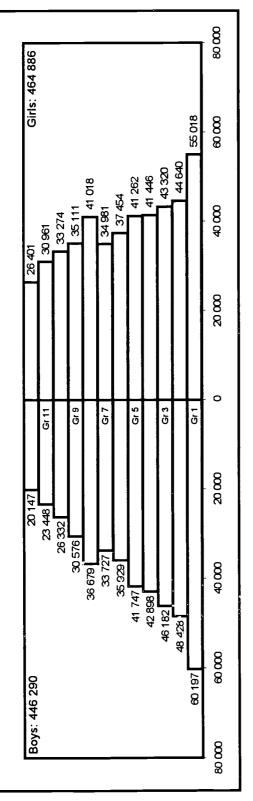
phase, there is a constant

learners as they proceed

through the grades. The

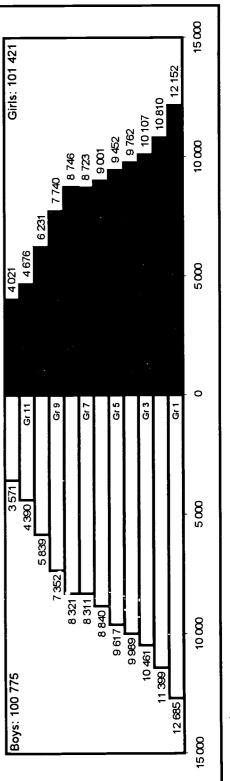
ratio of Grade 1:Grade 12

is 2,5:1.



The continuous decrease in the numbers of pupils is the largest in the last 3 years of schooling. The ratio of Grade 1:Grade 12 is 3,3:1.







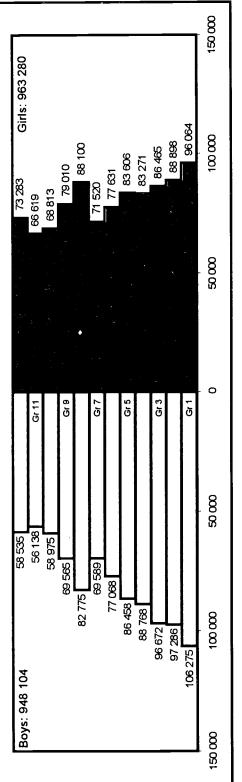
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Fig. 3g: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in Northern Province, 1996

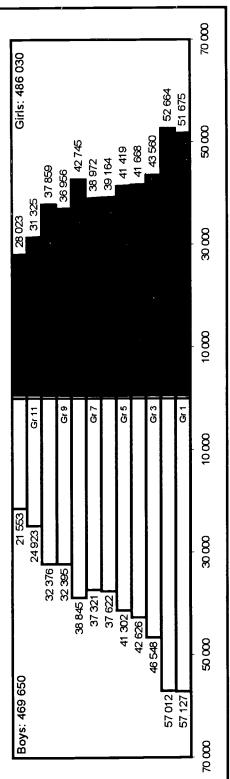
provinces

Unlike the



previously discussed, there are two increases in learner enrolment, namely in Grades 8 and 9, as well as Grade 12. This phenomenon in Grade 12 may be the cause of the low pass rate at this level. The ratio of Grade 1:Grade 12 is

Fig. 3h: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in North West, 1996



The number of learners in each of Grades 2, 8 and 10 exceeds the number of learners in the immediate preceding grades. The ratio of Grade 1:Grade 12 is 2.2.1

1,5:1.

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Fig. 3i: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in Western Cape, 1996

The normal tendency that

an increase in the number

to Grade 8 occurs, is also

evident here. The ratio of

of learners from Grade 7

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Grade 1:Grade

2,5:1.

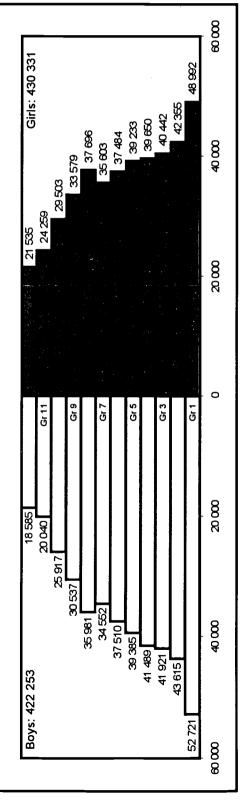
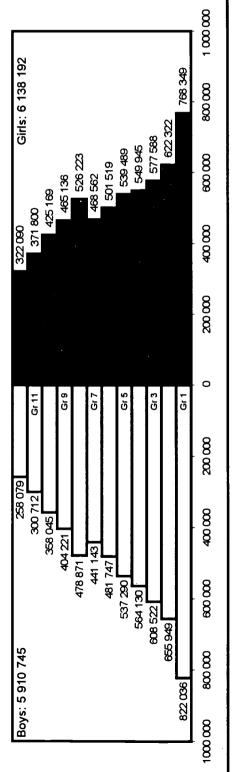


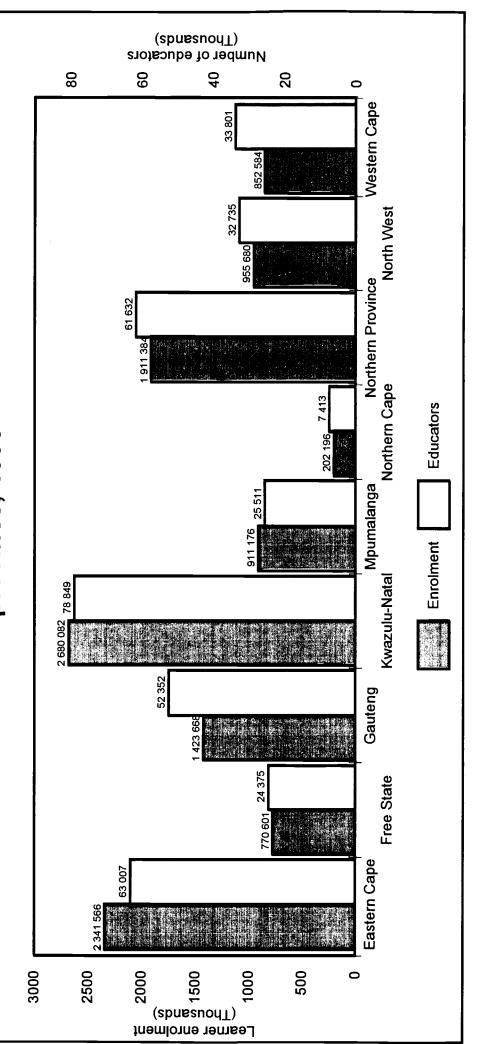
Fig. 3j: Learner enrolment according to gender and grade in South Africa, 1996



Common features for the of girls is less than the provinces that are also evident in the national figures for learners, are always more girls in the decrease in the numbers for boys, in addition, there are more learners in Grade 8 than in Grade 7. The ratio of the following: there system, Grade 1:Grade decrease school

Fig. 4: Number of educators and learner enrolment per province, 1996

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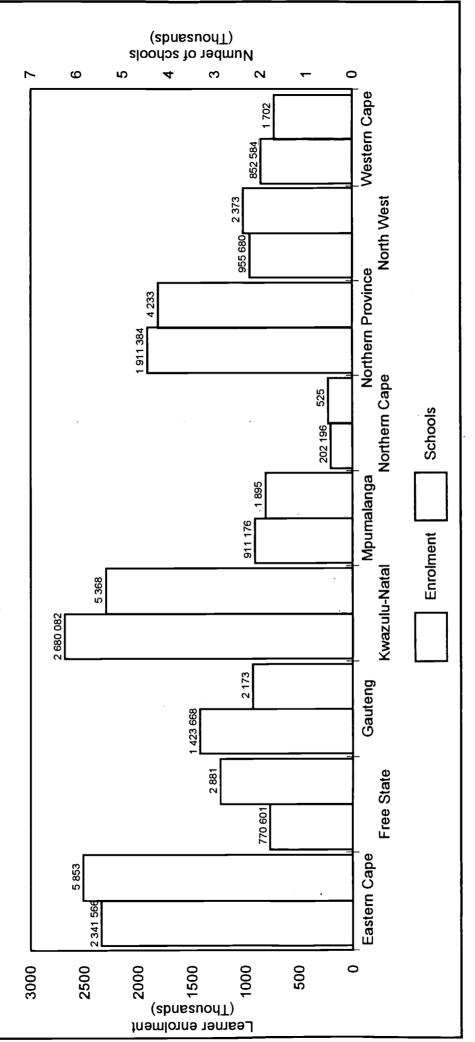


In this combined graph the number of learners (y-axis left) and the number of educators (y-axis right) are indicated. The number of learners per educator for the different provinces is: 37,2 (Eastern Cape); 31,6 (Free State); 27,2 (Gauteng); 34,0 (KwaZulu-Natal); 35,7 (Mpumalanga); 27,3 (Northern Cape); 31,0 (Northern Province); 29,2 (North West) and 25,2 (Western Cape)

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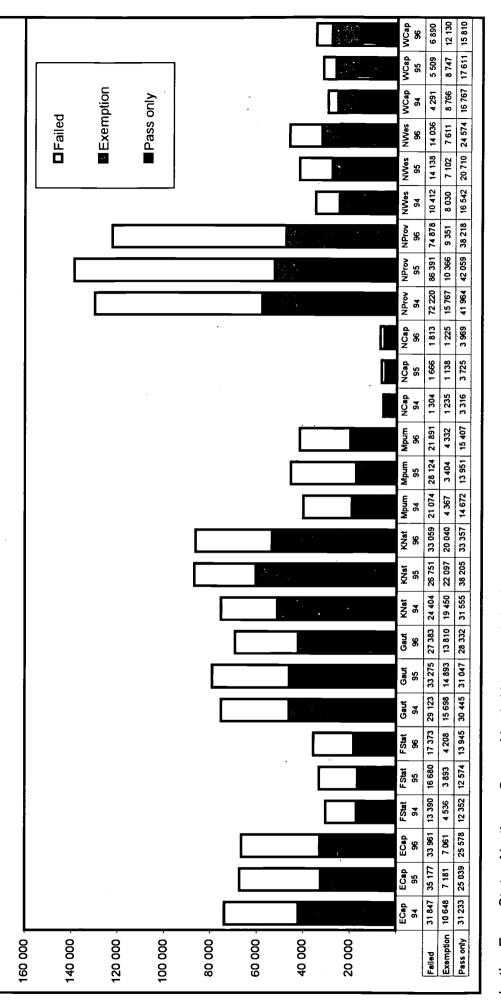


In this combined graph the number of learners (y-axis left) and the number of schools (y-axis right) are indicated. The average number of learners per school for the different provinces is: 400 (Eastern Cape); 267 (Free State); 655 (Gauteng); 499 (KwaZulu-Natal); 481 (Mpumalanga); 385 (Northern Cape); 452 (Northern Province), 403 (North West) and 501 (Western Cape)

The Eastern Cape, Free State, Northern Cape and North West have relatively more schools with a smaller average number of learners per school than the other provinces. The number of farm schools is a contributing factor to this phenomenon.

25

Fig. 6: Matric results according to province, 1994 - 1996



In the Free State, Northern Cape, North West and the Western Cape, there is a constant rise in the number of matriculants over the past three years, while there is a variation in the other provinces. The Western Cape has the best results in the final examinations.

No.

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P. Cape Sys ≤ 945 Passed 19 068 12 636 9 711 6 551 6 649 6 846 11 731 23 866 18 786 22 738 25 731 15612 4 670 6 180 5 526 2 305 1 853 1 132 7 1328 7 8 556 8 890 7 522 9 334 7 349 11 100 14 045 9 546 Kwaz- Kwaz- Kwaz- Mpum Mpum Mpum N Cape N Cape N Cape N Prov N Prov N West Cape Cape Listory Maths Phys History Maths Phys History Maths Phys History Maths Phys History Maths 237 23 390 32 799 11 381 8 762 9 322 3 585 2 503 4 272 **■** Passed □ Failed Fig. 7: Results for History, Mathematics and Physical Science in the matriculation examination, 1996 764 16 420 11 946 5 700 6 388 8 622 2 637 10 979 18 640 7 402 14 537 15 041 4 001 7 157 9 774 4 640 571 Natal Natal Natal History Maths Phys Gaut State State State History Maths Phys Failed 20 000 40 000 35 000 30 000 25 000 15 000 10 000 5 000

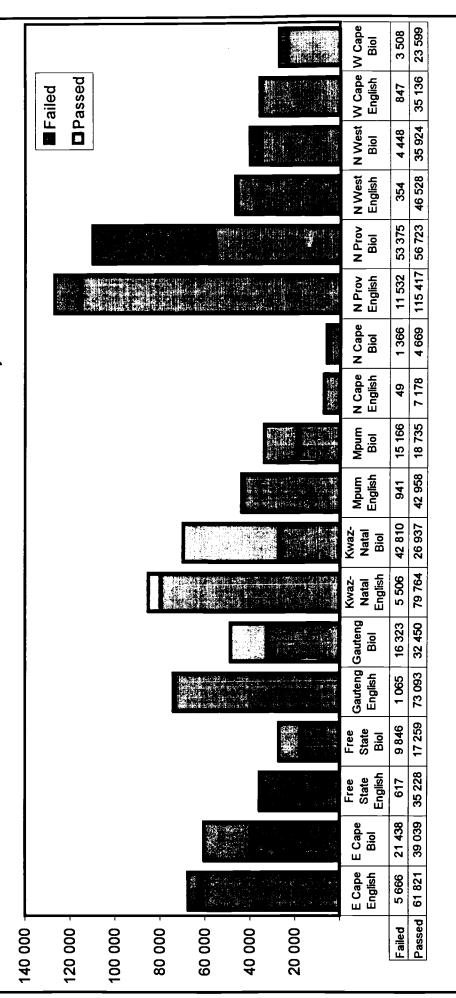
Cape, otherwise Mathematics is the most popular subject. The results in Mathematics and Physical Science in almost all the provinces Out of the three subjects indicated on the graph, History is the subject taken by the most learners in the Eastern Cape and Northern leave much to be desired.

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Fig. 8: Results for English and Biology in the matriculation examination, 1996

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Biology seems to be the most popular subject for matriculants. The best results (percentage wise) are obtained in the Northern Cape, North West and Western Cape.

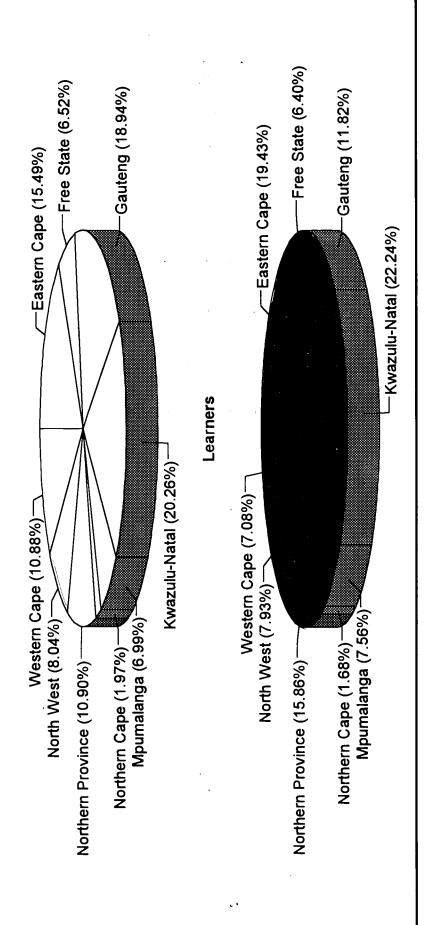


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Fig. 9: Comparison between the population and learner enrolment per province, 1996

Population



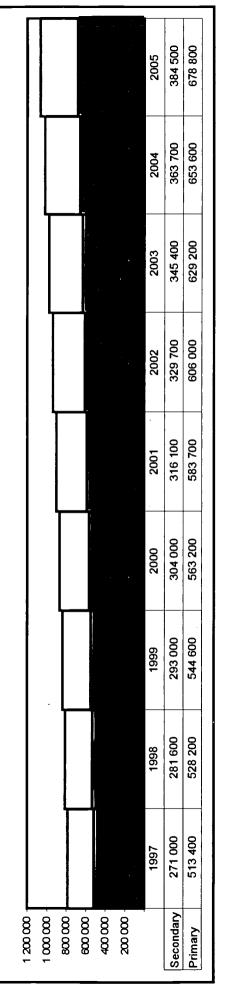
smallest proportion. Provinces that have a larger proportion of learners than the proportion of population are: KwaZulu-Natal, Eastern The largest proportion of the population lives in Kwazulu-Natal, Gauteng and the Eastern Cape, while the Northern Cape has the Cape, Mpumalanga, and Northern Province.

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Fig. 10a: Learner forecasts for EASTERN CAPE from 1997 to 2005

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	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Secondary	630 300	659 500	689 500	720 000	752 400	789 800	833 200	882 800	939 200
Primary	1 818 200	1 885 400	1 958 100	2 038 400	2 125 100	2 216 800	2 313 300	2 414 200	2 520 300

Fig. 10b: Learner forecasts for FREE STATE from 1997 to 2005



Average annual growth	Primary	Secondary
Eastern Cape	5,2%	9'9'
Free State	3,9%	4,9%

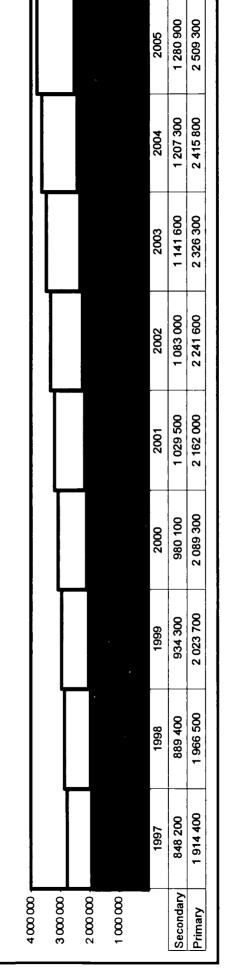
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Fig. 10c: Learner forecasts for GAUTENG from 1997 to 2005

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•	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Secondary	562 200	586 700	612 600	637 000	662 300	005 069	722 700	758 500	800 200
Primary	916 100	000 686	962 600	008 066	1 021 600	1 054 500	1 088 700	1 124 200	1 161 000

Fig. 10d: Learner forecasts for KWAZULU-NATAL from 1997 to 2005



Average annual growth	Primary	Secondary
Gauteng	3,3%	%5'5
KwaZulu-Natal	3,8%	%£'9

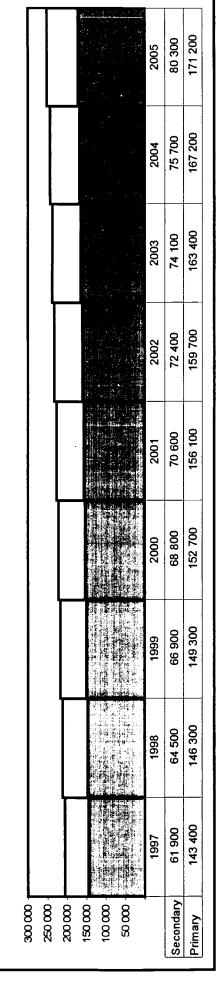
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Fig. 10e: Learner forecasts for MPUMALANGA from 1997 to 2005

			2005	449 100	874 800
			2004	447 000	841 300
			2003	421 500	808 700
			2002	398 800	777 800
			2001	378 700	747 800
			2000	361 700	719 400
			1999	347 200	692 100
			1998	332 900	668 200
			1997	319 800	646 400
1 200 000 1	10000001	800 000 4 00 000 200 000		Secondary	Primary

Fig. 10f: Learner forecasts for NORTHERN CAPE from 1997 to 2005



Average annual growth	Primary	Secondary
Mpumalanga	4,8%	2,3%
Northern Cape	2,4%	3,5%
2		

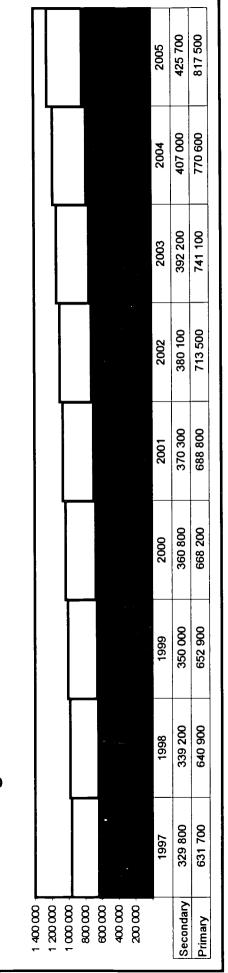


Fig. 10g: Learner forecasts for NORTHERN PROVINCE from 1997 to 2005

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	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Secondary	739 400	761 200	783 700	805 100	824 300	843 900	864 900	888 100	913 900
Primary	1 240 400	1 266 500	1 292 800	1 322 700	1 357 900	1 397 200	1 439 500	1 483 500	1 529 400

Fig. 10h: Learner forecasts for NORTH WEST from 1997 to 2005



Average annual growth	Primary	Secondary
Northern Province	2,1%	3,3%
North West	3,3%	3,3%

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Fig. 10i: Learner forecasts for WESTERN CAPE from 1997 to 2005

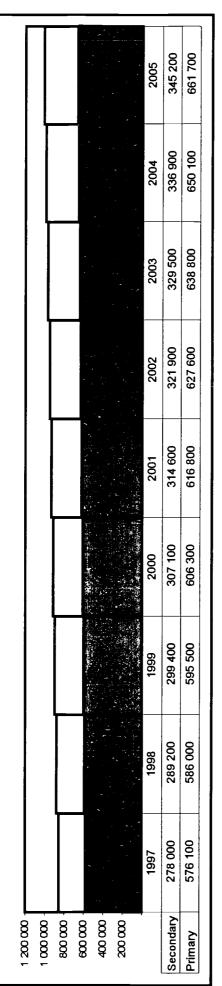
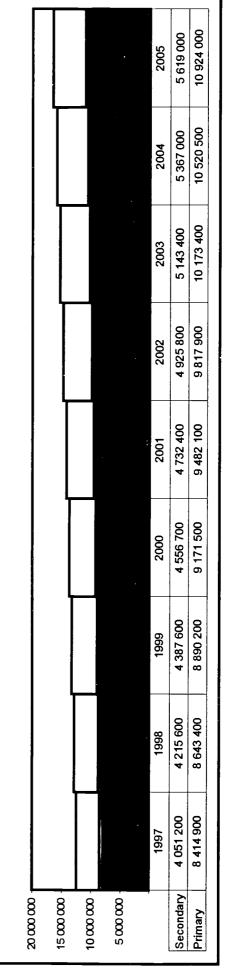


Fig. 10j: Learner forecasts for SOUTH AFRICA from 1997 to 2005

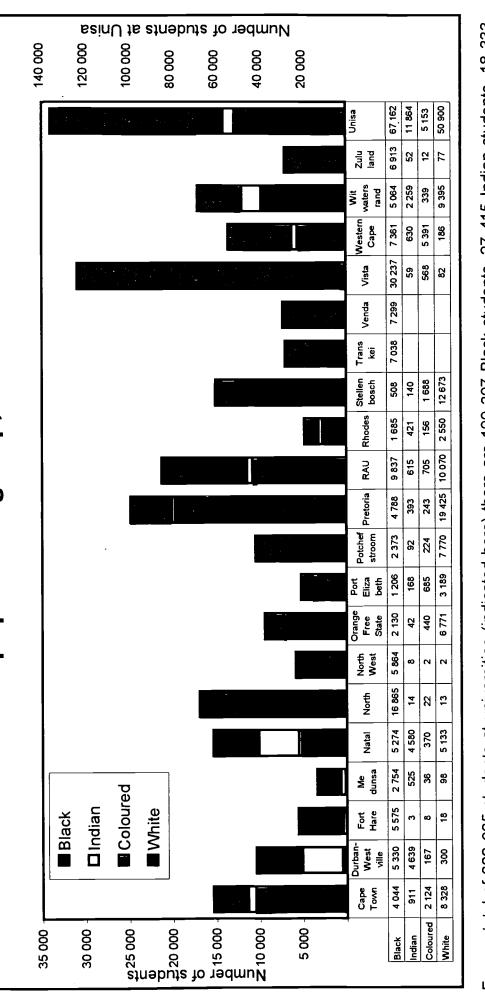


Average annual growth	Primary	Secondary
Western Cape	1,7%	2,7%
South Africa	3,8%	4,8%

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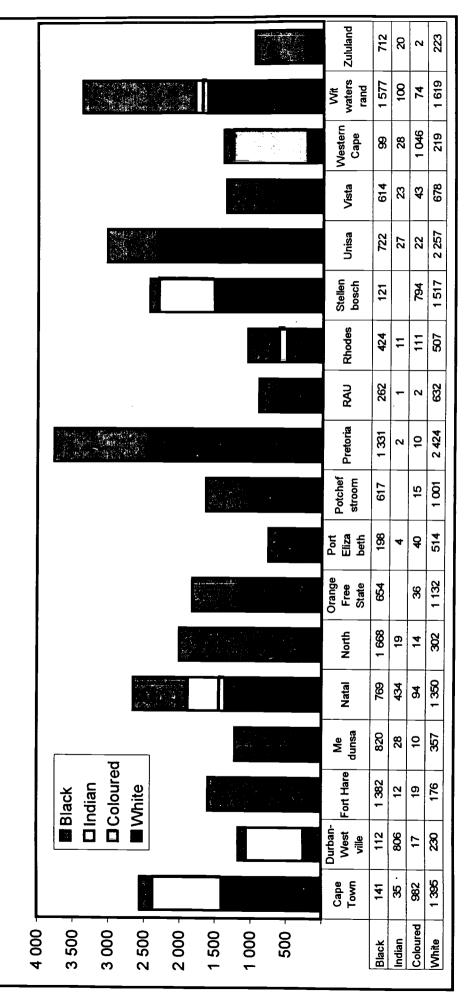
Fig. 11: Students at universities according to population group, 1996



From a total of 382 035 students at universities (indicated here) there are 199 307 Black students, 27 415 Indian students, 18 333 Coloured students and 136 980 White students. Unisa had almost 35% of the total population of students in 1996.

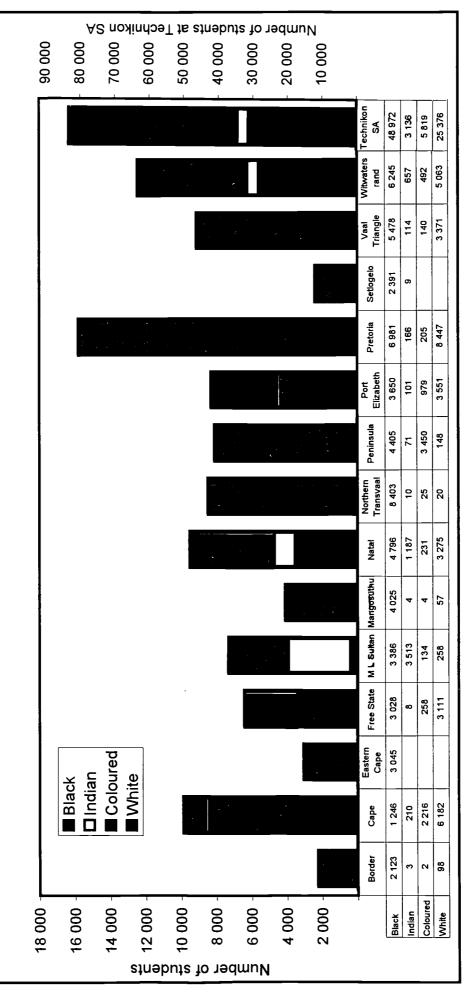
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Fig. 12: Number of staff members at universities according to population group, 1996



The number of staff members at the mentioned universities is 33 637. The majority of them are whites. The student:lecturer ratio cannot be determined because not all staff members lecture.

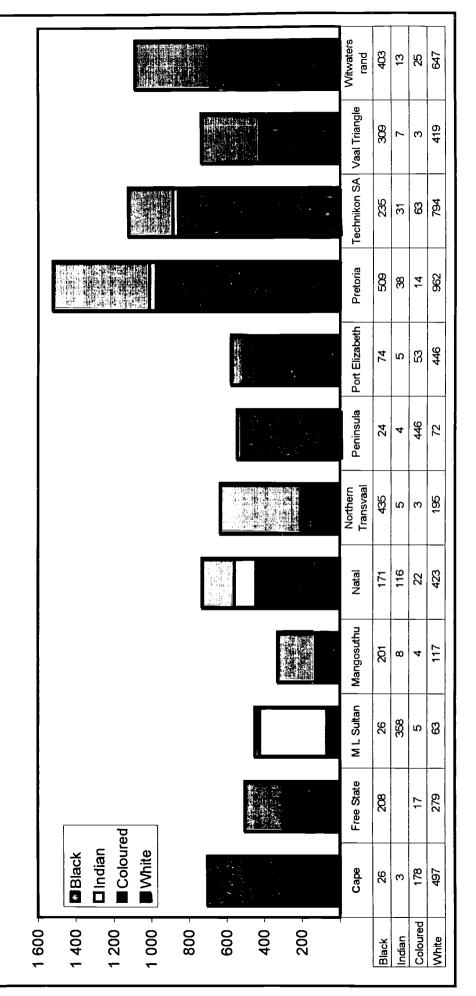
Fig. 13: Students at technikons according to population group, 1996



The dominant numbers of students at technikons (indicated here) in 1996 were blacks (108 174), followed by whites (58 957). Out of a total of 190 275 students at these technikons, Technikon SA had 83 303 students, almost 44% of the total population.

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Fig. 14: Number of staff members at technikons according to population group, 1996



Out of 8 956 staff members at the mentioned technikons, 4 914 are white and 2 621 are black.

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UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

Jniversity of the North, (QwaQwa branch) - , P/Bag X13, PHUTHADITJHABA, 9866, (058) - 7130211 University of the Orange Free State, P O Box 339, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300, (051) - 4019111 University of the Witwatersrand, 1 JSmuts Ave, JOHANNESBURG, 2000, (011) - 716111 Randse Afrikaanse University, P O Box 524, JOHANNESBURG, 2000, (011) - 7265211 Jniversity of Port Elizabeth, P O Box 1600, PORT ELIZABETH, 6000, (041) - 4209111 Jniversity of Durban Westville, P/Bag X54001, DURBAN, 4000, (031) - 8209111 Jniversity of Zululand, P/Bag X1001, KWA-DLANGEZWA, 3886, (0351) - 93611 Jniversity of Natal, P O Box 375, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200, (0331) - 63320 University of Stellenbosch, Private Bag X1, MATIELAND, 7602, (021) - 8089111 University of the Western Cape, P/Bag X17, BELLVILLE, 7530, (021) - 9512301 Medical University of Southern Africa, C/o MEDUNSA, 0204, (012) - 582844 University of South Africa, P O Box 392, PRETORIA, 0001, (012) - 4292550 University of North West, P/Bag X20466, MAFIKENG, 8670, (0140) - 2575 University of Potchefstroom, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2520, (0148) - 2991111 Rhodes University, P O Box 94, GRAHAMSTOWN, 6140, (0461) - 22023 University of Cape Town, P/Bag, RONDEBOSCH, 7700, (021) - 6509111 University of the North, P/Bag X1106, SOVENGA, 0727, (01522) - 4310 University of Transkei, P/Bag X5092, UMTATA, 5100, (0471) - 3884 University of Fort Hare, P/Bag X1314, ALICE, 5700, (0404) - 32011 University of Venda, P/Bag X2220, SIBASA, 0970, (01559) - 21071 University of Pretoria, Brooklyn, PRETORIA, 0002, (012) - 436051 Vista University, P/Bag X634, PRETORIA, 0001, (012) - 424034

TECHNIKON EDUCATION

Cape Technikon, P O Box 652, CAPE TOWN, 8000, (021) - 466220

M.L. Sulton Technikon, P O Box 1334, DURBAN, 4000, (0331) - 316681

Mangosuthu Technikon, P O Box 12363, JACOBS, 4026, (031) - 9071855/6

Natal Technikon, P O Box 953, DURBAN, 4000, (031) - 210237/9

Northern Transvaal Technikon, Private Bag X07, PRETORIA NORTH 0116, (01214) - 80950/1/2/3/4/5

Peninsula Technikon, P O Box 1906, BELLVILLE, 7530, (021) - 9512181

Port Elizabeth Technikon, Private Bag X6011, PORT ELIZABETH, 6000, (041) - 533121

Technikon OFS, Private Bag X20539, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300, (051) - 4073911

Technikon Pretoria, Churchstreet 420, PRETORIA, (0002, (012) - 283811

Technikon Witwatersrand, P O Box 3293, JOHANNESBURG, 2000, (011) - 297136

Vaal Triangle Technikon, Private Bag X021, VANDERBIJLPARK, 1900, (016) - 812141

TEACHER TRAINING: COLLEGES OF EDUCATION

Eastern Cape

Lennox Sebe College of Education, P O BOX 685, KING WILLIAM'S TOWN, 5600, (0401) - 41381 Dover College of Education, P/Bag 6059, SALTVILLE, 6059, Port Elizabeth, (0441) - 812171/2 Dr W B Rubusane College of Education P/Bag X140, MDANTSANE, 5219, (0403) - 612936 Mt Arthur College of Education, P/Bag X1123, LADY FRERE, 5410, (0020) - Lady Frere 1512 Bensonvale College of Education, P O Box 6, BENSONVALE, 5562, (0020) - Bensonvale 5 Griffiths Mxenge College of Education, P/Bag X503, ZWELITSHA, 5608, (0401) - 9341381 Bethel College of Education, P/Bag X3095, BUTTERWORTH, 4960, (0020) - Butterworth Clarkebury College of Education, P O Box 7, CLARKEBURY, 5024, (0020) - Clarkebury 7 Lovedale College of Continuing Education, P/Bag X1303, ALICE, 57700, (0404) - 31171/2 Mfundisweni College of Education, P O MFUNDISIWENI, Flagstaff, 4810, (0471) - 25111 Shawbury College of Education, P O SHAWBURY, Qumbu, 5187, (0020) - Shawbury 2 Sigcau College of Education, P/Bag X514, FLAGSTAFF, 4810, (0020) - Flagstaff 1212 Cape College of Education, P/Bag X2041, FORT BEAUFORT, 5720, (0435) - 31179 Masibulele College of Education, P/Bag X338, WHITTLESEA, 5360, (0408) - 22360 Arthur Tsengiwe College of Education, P/Bag X527, CALA, 5455, (0020) - Cala 43 Lumko College of Education, P/Bag X1173, LADY FRERE, 5400, (0471) - 25111 Clydesdale College of Education, P/Bag X5003, UMTATA, 5100, (0471) - 25111 Maluti College of Education, P/Bag X103, MATATIELE, 4730, (0020) - Maluti 11 Butterworth College of Education, Box, BUTTERWORTH, 4960, (04341) - 3187 Algoa College of Education, P O Box 14489, SIDWELL, 6061, (041) - 462368 Cicira College of Education, P/Bag X5034, UMTATA, 5100, (0471) - 2638 ranskei College of Education, P/Bag X5111, UMTATA, 5100

Free State

Bloemfontein College of Education, 201 Zastron Street, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9301, (051) - 478201 Bonamelo College of Education, P/Bag X08, PHUTHADITJHABA, 9866, (058) - 7131391 Kagisanong College of Education, P/Bag X20523, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300, (051) - 352818 Mphohadi College of Education, P/Bag X86, KROONSTAD, 9500, (0562) - 41111 or 42691 Sefikeng College of Education, P/Bag X827, WITSIESHOEK, 9870, (058) - 7130858 Thaba N'chu College of Education, P/Bag X809, WITSIESHOEK, 9870, (058) - 7130058

Gauteng

College for Continuing Training P/Bag X616, PRETORIA, 0001, (012) - 33244800
Daveyton College of Education, P/Bag X047, BENONI, 1500, (011) - 4246290 or 4247290 or 4248290
East Rand College of Education, P/BAG X052, SPRINGS, 1560, (011) - 736-9740/9

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Soweto College of Education, P O Box 90064, BERTSHAM, 2013, (011) - 933-1093/4 Sebokeng College of Education, P/BAG X095, VEREENIGING, 1930, (016) - 881300 Molapo College of Education, P O Box 164, FLORIDA, 1710, (011) - 984-4059/61

Kwazulu-Natai

Mpumalanga College of Education, P/Bag X1004, HAMMARSDALE, 3700, (03525) - 710088 Amanzimtoti College of Education, P/Bag X20013, AMANZIMTOTI, 4125, (031) - 9051364/5 ndomiso College of Education, P/Bag X9077, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200, (0331) - 81741 Appelbosch College of Education, P/Bag X202, OZWATINI, 3476, (033572) - Oswatini 4 Eshowe College of Education, P/Bag X503, ESHOWE, 3815 (0354) - 42131/2 or 74888 Umbumbulu College of Education, P/Bag X2002, AMANZIMTOTI, 4125, (031) - 9051339 Esikhawini College of Education, P/Bag X8520, ESIKHAWINI, 3887, (0351) - 63041/2/3 Natal College of Education, P/Bag 9007, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 (0331) - 454515 Ntuzuma College of Education, P/Bag X02, P O KWA-MASHU, 4360, (031) - 5091923 KwaGqikazi College of Education, P/Bag X6059, NONGOMA, 3950, (0358) - 31-0350 Madadeni College of Education, P/Bag X5001, MADADENI, 2951, (03431) - 92004/5 Ezakheni College of Education, P/B 20018, EZAKHENI, 3381, (0361) - 361331/2/3 Durban Teachers' Training College, P O Box 530, DURBAN, 4000, (031) - 3045231 Jmlazi College for further Education, P/Bag X08, MOBENI, 4060, (031) - 9073555 Edgewood College of Education, P/Bag X03, ASHWOOD, 3605, (031) - 7001455 Bechet College of Education, P/Bag 47361, GREYVILLE, 4023, (031) - 3094911 Springfield College of Education, P/Bag, DORMERTON, (031) - 287136

Northern Cape

Perseverence College of Education, P/Bag X5027, HOMESTEAD, 8301, Kimberley, (0531) - 41651 Phatsimang College of Education, P/Bag X5047, KIMBERLEY, 8300, (0531) - 711108

Northern Province

Dr C N Phathudi College of Education, P/Bag X1020, BURGERSFORT, 1150, (0020) - GaMarota 23 Mamokgalake Chuene College of Education, P/Bag X8629, GROBLERSDAL, 0470, (120282) - 32 Mapulaneng College of Education, P/Bag X9399, BUSHBUCKRIDGE, 1280, (013192) - 261 Bochum College of Education, P/Bag X5084, BOCHUM, 0790, (0152272) - Bochum 42 Makhado College of Education, P/Bag X1004, DZANANI, 0970, (015581) - Dzanani 40 Kwena Moloto College of Education, P/Bag X4015, SESHEGO, 0742, (0152) - 921179 Lemana College of Education, P/Bag X310, ELIM HOSPITAL, 0960, (01526) - 22921 Hoxane College of Education, P/Bag X1024, HAZY VIEW, 1242, (01318) - 86002/3 Giyani College of Education, P/Bag X9672, GIYANI, 0826, (01526) - 24273/4/5

Sekgosese College of Education, P/Bag X1375, SOEKMEKAAR, 0810, (0020) - Semwamokgoa 24 Ramaano Mbulaheni Training Centre, P/Bag X1302, TSHAKHUMA, Venda, (0159) - Tshakuma 44 Thaba Moopo college of Education, P/Bag X56, LEBOWAKGOMO, 0737, (0156) - 35059 or 35058 Mokopane College of Education, P/Bag X601, MAHWELERENG, 0626, (0154) - 830310 Fivumbeni College of Education, P/Bag X1420, LETABA, 0870, (0152) - 631701/631704 fransvaal College of Education, P/Bag X11, SOSHANGUVE, 0152, (01214) - 2051/2 Naphuno College of Education, P/Bag X1409, LENYENYE, 0857, (0020) - 192 or 39 Setotolwane College of Education, P/Bag X7372, PIETERSBURG, 0700, (0020) - 5 Shingwedzi College of Education, Box 1630, MALAMULELE, 0982, (0152652) - 177 Jenda College of Education, P/Bag X2269, SIBASA, Venda, 0970, (0159) - 21207 Modjadji College of Education, P/Bag X746, GAKGAPANE, 0838, (01523042) - 4 Tshisimani College of Education, P/Bag X1302, TSHAKHUMA, (0020) - 6

Mpumalanga

Mgwenya College of Education, P/Bag X1008, KANYAMAZAME, 1214, (01316) - 940101 or 940261 Ndebele College of Education, P/Bag X4011, SIYABUSWA, 0472, (0137) - 731307 or 731754 E C Mango College of Education, P/Bag X1004, KABOKWENI, 1214, (013164) - 6277

North-West

Potchefstroom College of Education, 37 Borcherd St, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2520, (0148) - 25116 Hebron College of Education, P/Bag X1084, GA-RANKUWA, 0208, (0146) - 27722/5 Marapyane College of Education, P O Box 108, TUINPLAAS, 0437, (01464) - 43622 Mankwe College of Education, P/Bag X1014, MOGWASE, 0302, (01465) - 55302 Thabane College of Education, P/Bag X2003, TLHABANE, 0305, (01466) - 55307 Lehurutshe College of Education, P/Bag X2024, LERATO, 2865, (0140) - 633671 Moretele College of Education, P/Bag X376, MAKAPANSTAD, 0404, (0020) - 15 Taung College of Education, P/Bag X03, PUDIMOE, 8584, (01405) - 51377

Western Cape

Hewat/Cape Town Institute for Education and Training, P/Bag MOWBRAY, 7705, (021) - 6863659 Söhnge College of Education, P/Bag X3093, WORCESTER, (0231) - 25760/25763 Onderwyskollege Boland, P/Bag X8, WELLINGTON, 7655, (02211) - 31131 Western Cape College of Education, P/Bag 14, BELLVILLE, 7580

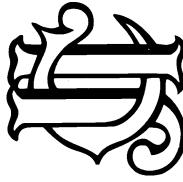


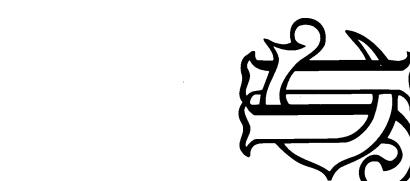
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